

HF Radio at Sea

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The "S-O-S"

May 15, 2014

Modes of Marine Radio Communication

- VHF marine radio
 - No license needed
 - 10-20 mile range
- Cellphone
 - 10-20 mile(?) range
- High Frequency (HF) Single Sideband (SSB) radio
 - 1.8 to 30 MHz
 - 10,000+ mile range
- Satellite
 - Available, but expensive



Uses for HF Radio

- Voice communications
 - World-wide coverage, depending on conditions
 - Emergencies
 - Marine nets
- Data communications
 - Email via the Internet
 - Access to weather information
 - Data rates are relatively slow

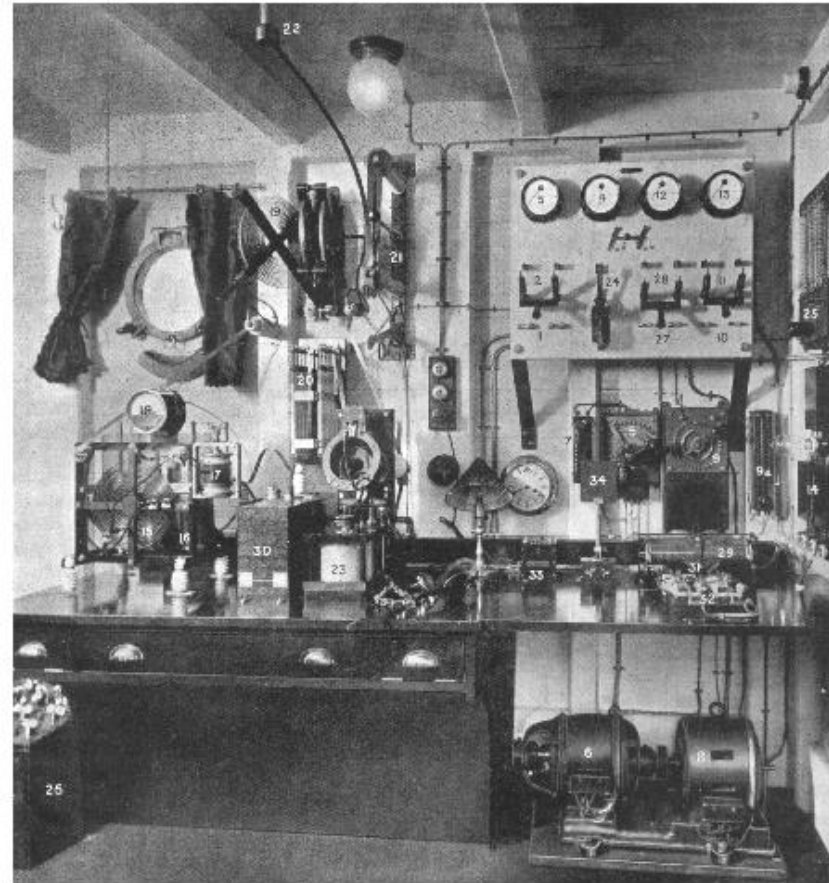


Fig. 3.— WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY CABIN ON THE S.S. "CHINDWIN."

What is Needed

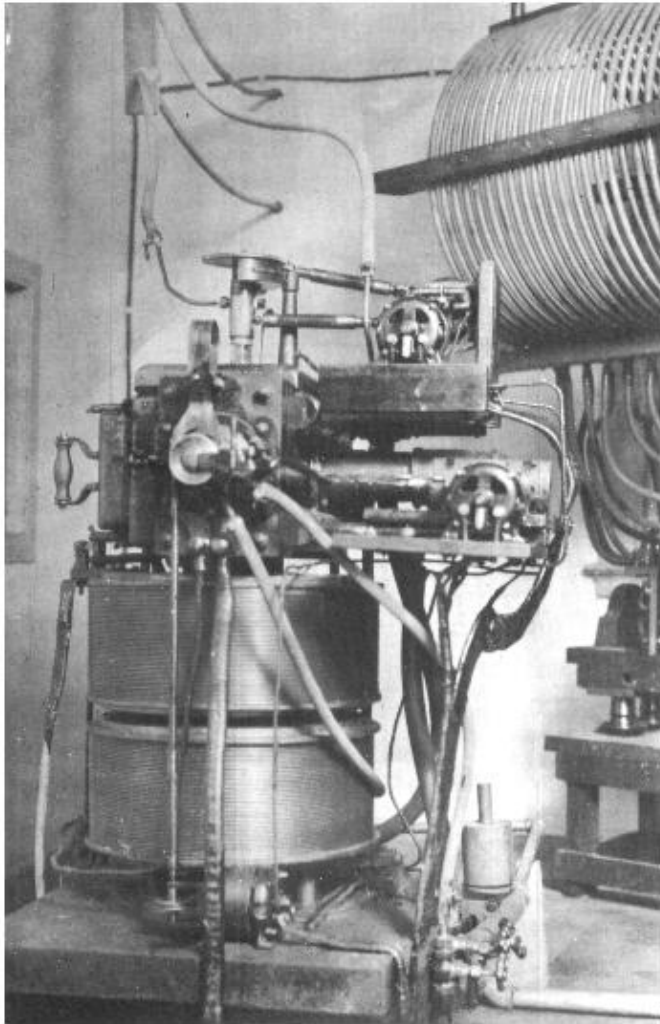
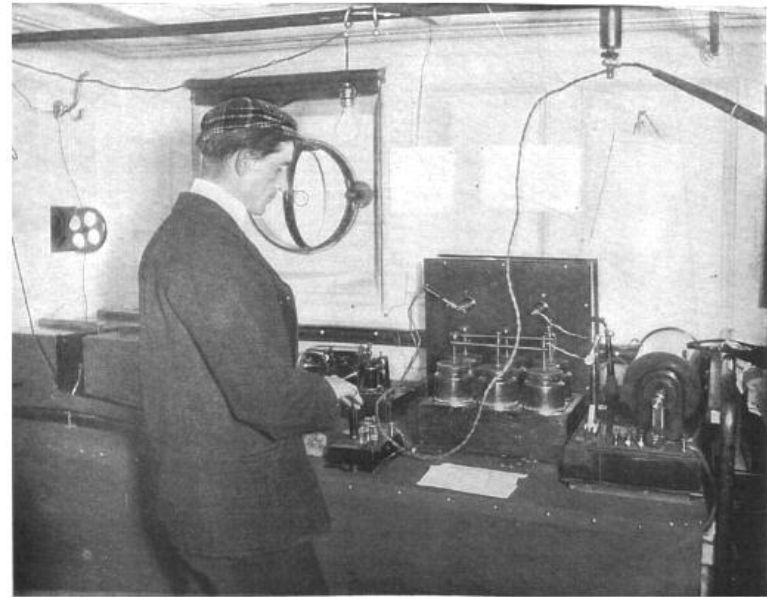
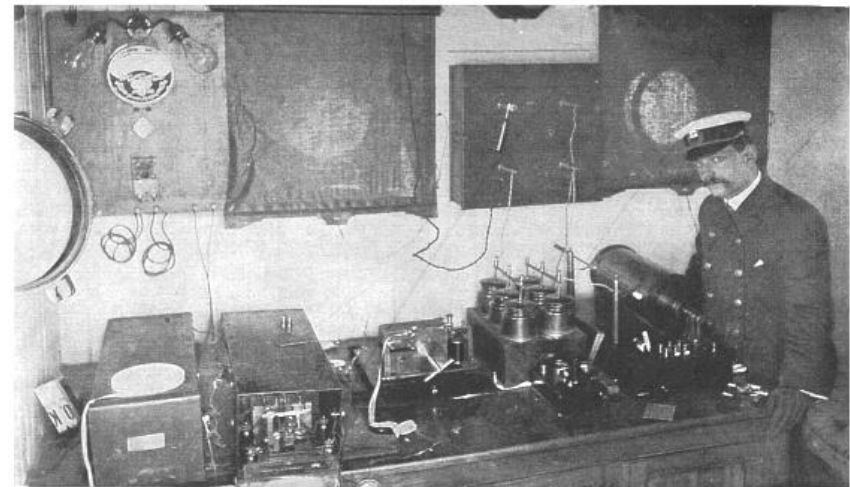


FIGURE 11-4. 30 KW Federal Telegraph arc transmitter with helix.



THE OPERATOR SENDING A WIRELESS MESSAGE. THE "CLICK" OF THE ORDINARY TELEGRAPH IS HERE A DEAFENING CRASH



THE "MARCONI MAN" AND HIS INSTRUMENTS

Ham vs. Marine Radio Licenses

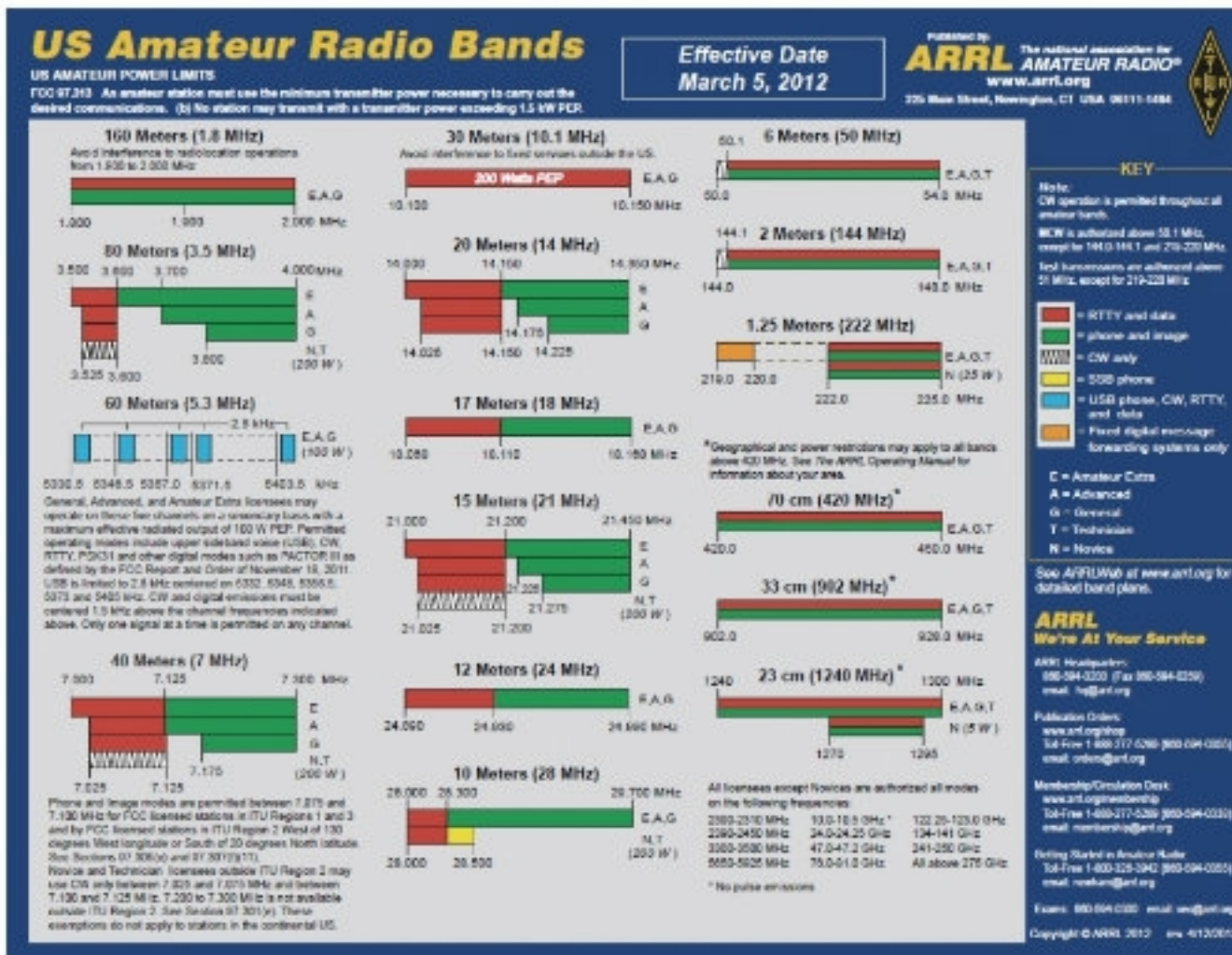
- Amateur license
 - Three levels: Technician, General, and Extra
 - Each requires a technical test and NO Morse code
 - General is needed for the HF bands
- Ship Station License
 - Allows use of marine SSB bands
 - Fill out form and pay FCC
 - Ship Radio Station License (\$160)
 - Restricted Radiotelephone Operator Permit (\$60)
 - No test

Marine SSB Frequencies

Maritime SSB Simplex Channels

Channel	4 MHz	Channel	6 MHz	Channel	8 MHz	Channel	12 MHz
4A	4146 kHz	6A	6224 kHz	8A	8294 kHz	12A	12,353 kHz
4B	4149 kHz	6B	6227 kHz	8B	8297 kHz	12B	12,356 kHz
4C	4417 kHz	6C	6230 kHz			12C	12,359 kHz
			6516 (daytime only)			12D	12,362 kHz
	4065, 4089, 4116, 4408 Mississippi River		6209, 6212, 6510, 6513 Mississippi River		8201, 8213, 8725, 8737 Mississippi River	12E	12,365 kHz
							12,362 12,365 Mississippi River
Channel	16 MHz	Channel	18 MHz	Channel	22 MHz	Channel	25/26 MHz
16A	16,528	18A	18,825	22A	22,159	25A	25,100
16B	16,531	18B	18,828	22B	22,162	25B	25,103
16C	16,534	18C	18,831	22C	22,165	25C	25,106
16D	16,537	18D	18,834	22D	22,168	25D	25,109
16E	16,540	18E	18,837	22E	22,171	25E	25,112
	16,543, 16,546 Mississippi River	18F	18,840	22F	22,174	25F	25,115
		18G	18,843	22G	22,177	25G	25,118

FCC Amateur Frequencies



Radio Choices

- HF SSB Transceiver
 - Can be a ham radio (variable tuning)
 - May need “mod” for other frequencies
 - Or a marine SSB (fixed tuning, simpler operation)
 - Not so easy to tune on ham and shortwave bands



Accessories

- Autotuner
 - This matches the antenna to the radio for each operating frequency
 - Eliminates need for a separate, tuned antenna for each frequency



Antennas and Grounds

- Antenna
 - The backstay of a sailboat can be used, if insulators are installed
 - May also use a long wire or dipole from the mast
 - A vertical antenna is another option
- Ground
 - Use copper foil extended through boat
 - May use through hulls or grounding plate



Modem or Sound Card

- Interface between the laptop and radio
- Connects with and sends/receives data with shore-based radio station
- Choices are Pactor or sound card (newer option)



\$1,849



\$1,498

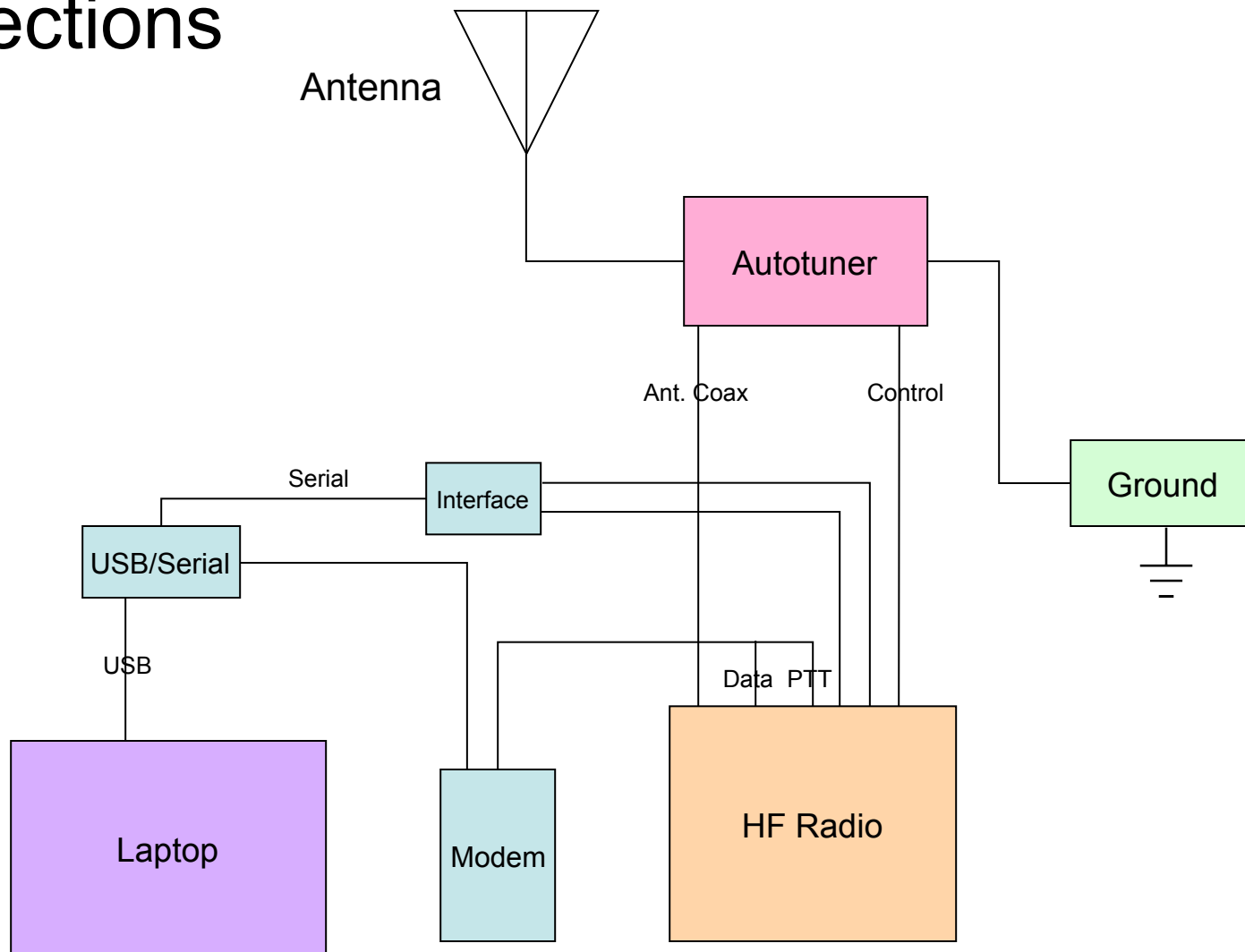


\$92.50

Pactor: up to 5,512 BPS (10,500 BPS with compression)
or 42 to 79 Kbytes/min

Sound Card: up to 1,875 BPS
or 14 Kbytes/min

Connections



Services for Email

- There are several providers
 - Winlink, Sailmail, and Cruisemail
- They maintain a shore system of radio stations connected to the Internet
- Winlink has 79 stations and is free
- WINMOR has 74 stations (also free)
- Sailmail has 18 stations and charges \$250 per year
- Cruisemail has four stations and costs \$250 per year

Services for Email

**WINLINK 2000**
Global Radio Email System



[Administration](#) [Home](#) [About](#) [Contact](#) [How-to...](#) [Links](#) [Maps](#) [Reports](#) [Software](#) [Support](#) [Webmail](#) [FAQ](#) [Files](#)

Winlink 2000 (WL2K) is a worldwide **system** of volunteer sysops, radio stations and network assets supporting e-mail by radio, with non-commercial links to internet e-mail. These resources come from Amateur Radio, the Military Auxiliary Radio System (MARS), government agencies, and non-government volunteer organizations. The system provides valuable service to emergency communicators and to licensed radio operators without access to the internet. The all-volunteer Winlink Development Team (WDT) is committed to continuous improvement using modern computer technology with the most effective radio modes and digital protocols for local, regional and long-distance applications.

You must hold an Amateur Radio license or be a member of a supported organization or agency to use the Winlink 2000 system. Usage and software is free for all who qualify.

Winlink 2000 is an all-volunteer, non-profit project of the **Amateur Radio Safety Foundation, Inc. (ARSFI)**. Winlink 2000 exists only through the work of generous amateur radio operators around the world and through donations to ARSFI by our users and supporters.

If you use Winlink, please make a donation here.

Quick!!

- Introducing the **Winlink Hybrid Radio Email Network** for improved RMS reliability and emergency communications completely without the internet—anytime, anywhere and everywhere!
- Check out the new **Video Tutorials from K4REF**.
- **EMERGENCY?** Concerned about a WL2K user at sea? Find a user? **Get help NOW.**
- There is a special **Service Code** to select EmComm gateway stations.
- View WL2K user's **position reports**.
- Just getting started?
How to get a Winlink RADIO e-mail account.
Compare and download Client (user) software.
- Get the latest **gateway stations frequency list**.
- Discover the **WINMOR** sound card protocol.
Developers: Add WINMOR to your app!
- **IMPORTANT!** Are you using the latest software?
Sysops: Easy! Check your gateway software.
Users: Easy! Check your client software.
- How to become a Winlink gateway station sysop:
Read this.
- Question? Need help?
See the support page.
Read Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ).

Winlink web page at <http://www.winlink.org/>

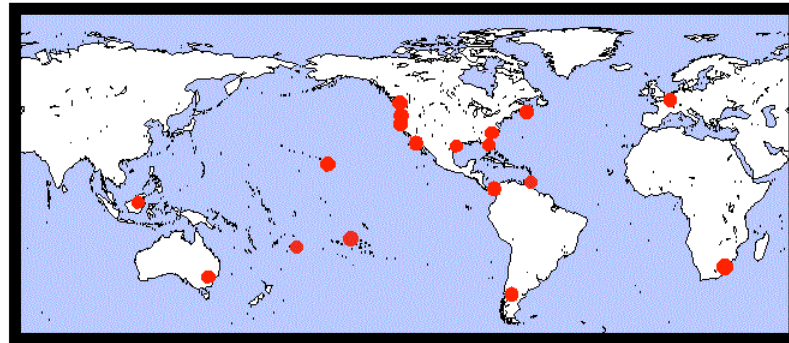
Services for Email

SailMail

SailMail Email Service for Yachts via Iridium, Inmarsat, or SSB

[\[SailMail Primer\]](#) [\[Downloads\]](#) [\[Terms and Conditions\]](#) [\[WebMail\]](#) [\[Application Form\]](#) [\[Contact Us\]](#) [\[FCC Licenses\]](#)

SSB-Pactor Station Locations Worldwide

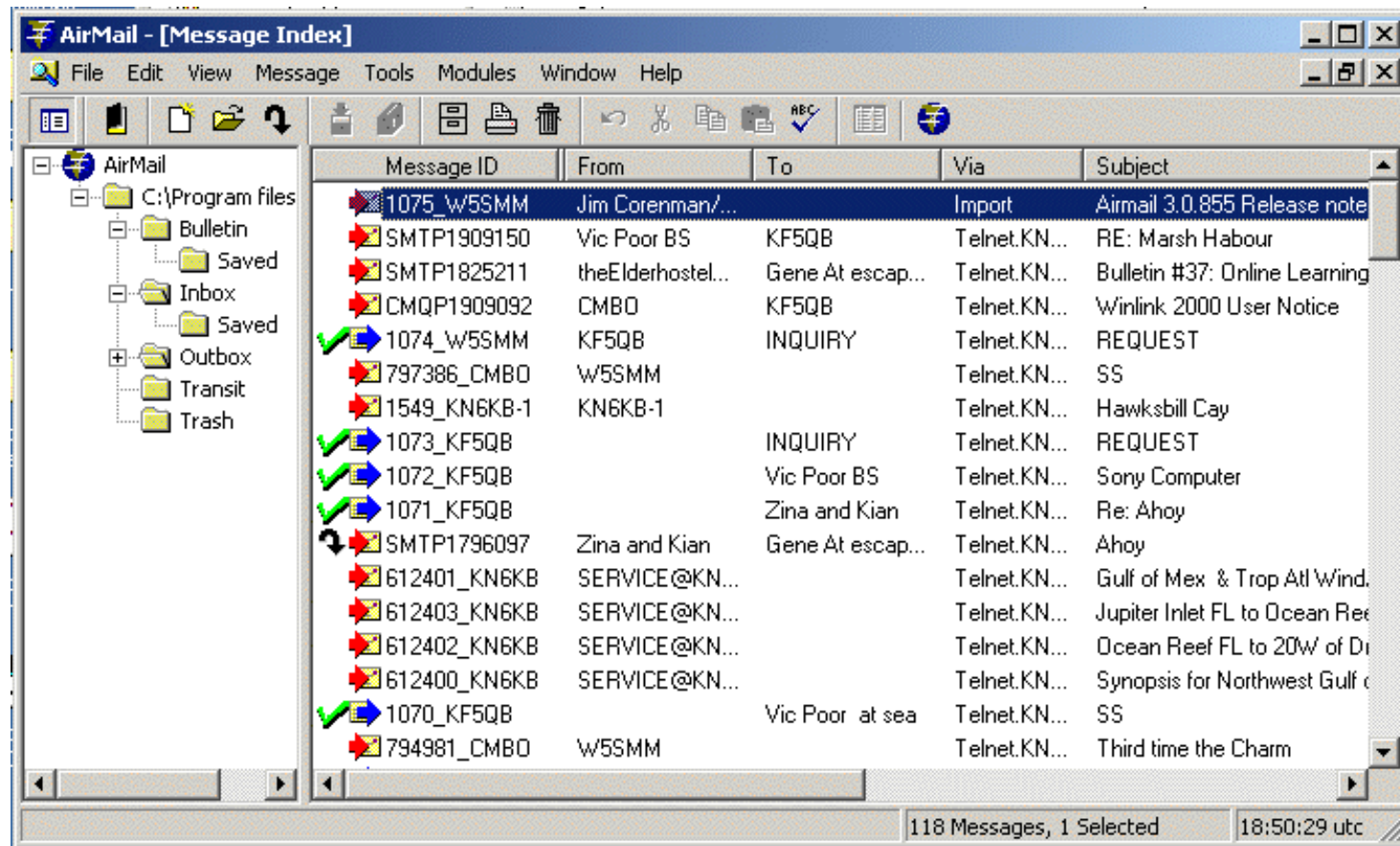


Sailmail web page at <http://www.sailmail.com>

Software for Email

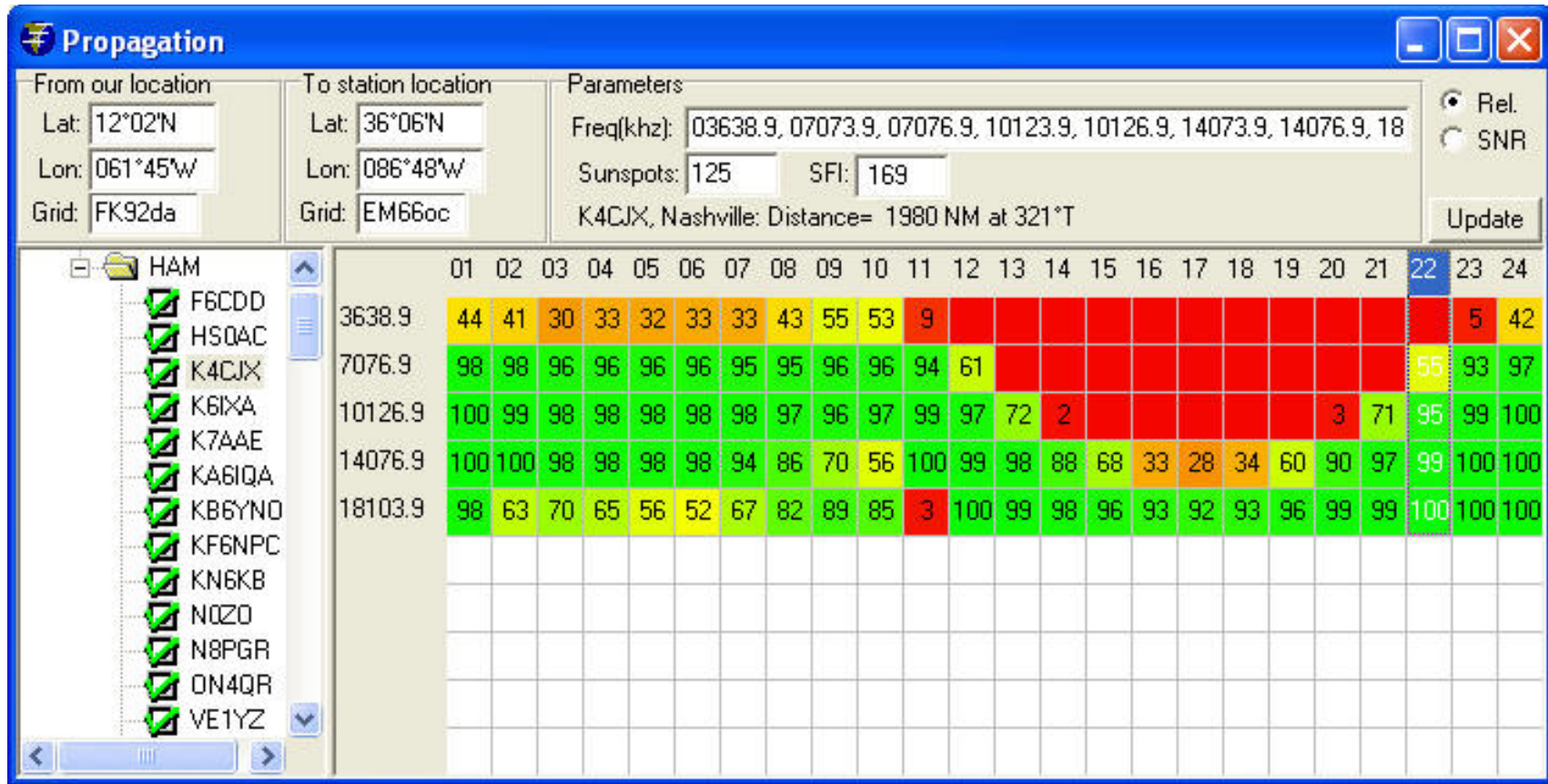
- Airmail
 - Free download
 - Includes windows and commands to control modem (terminal node controller or TNC) and radio
 - Has “standard” email interface
- RMS Express/WINMOR
 - Also a free download from Winlink2000
 - Email client is separate from sound card controller
 - WINlink Message Over Radio (WINMOR)

Airmail



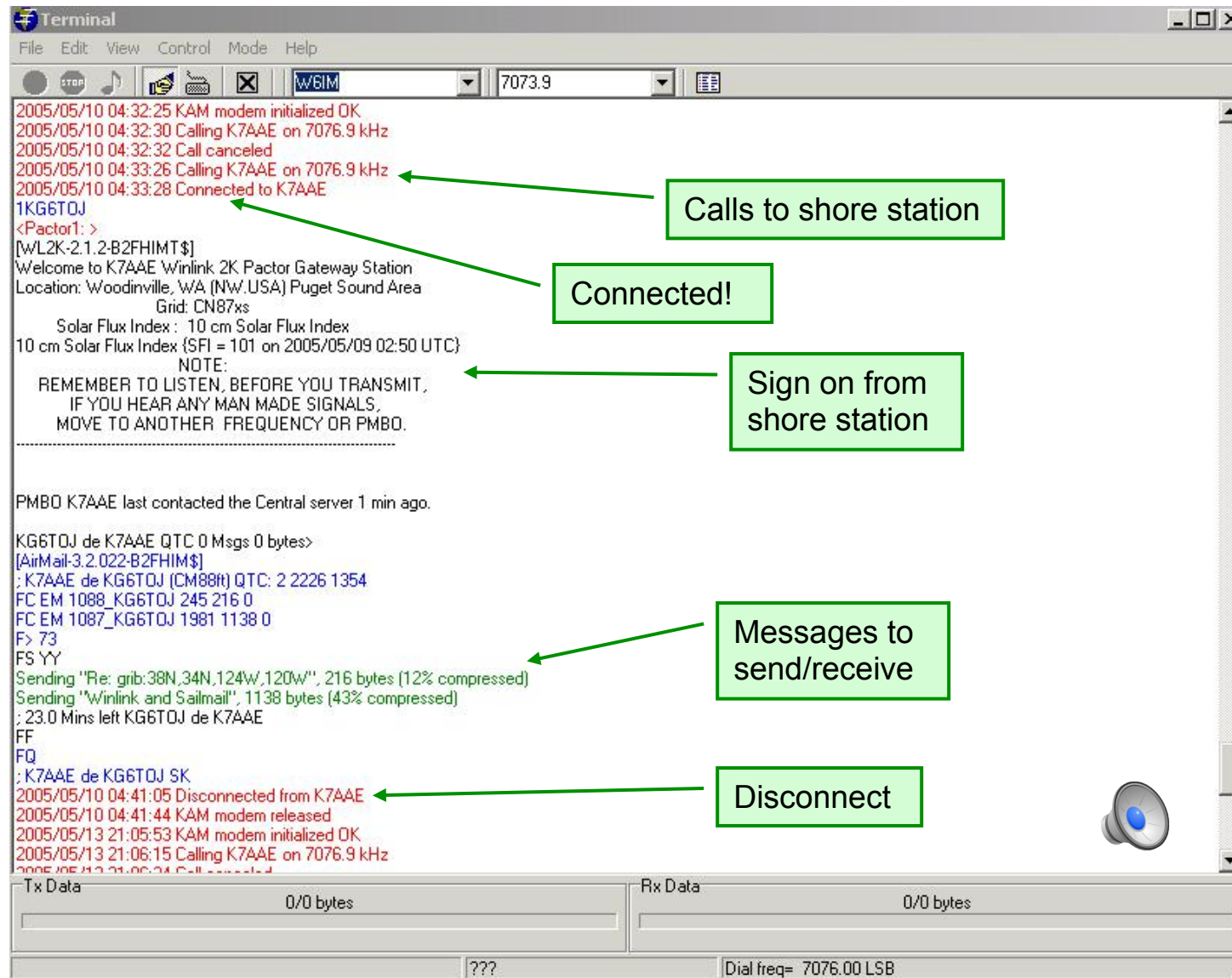
Email window

Airmail



Propagation Window

Airmail



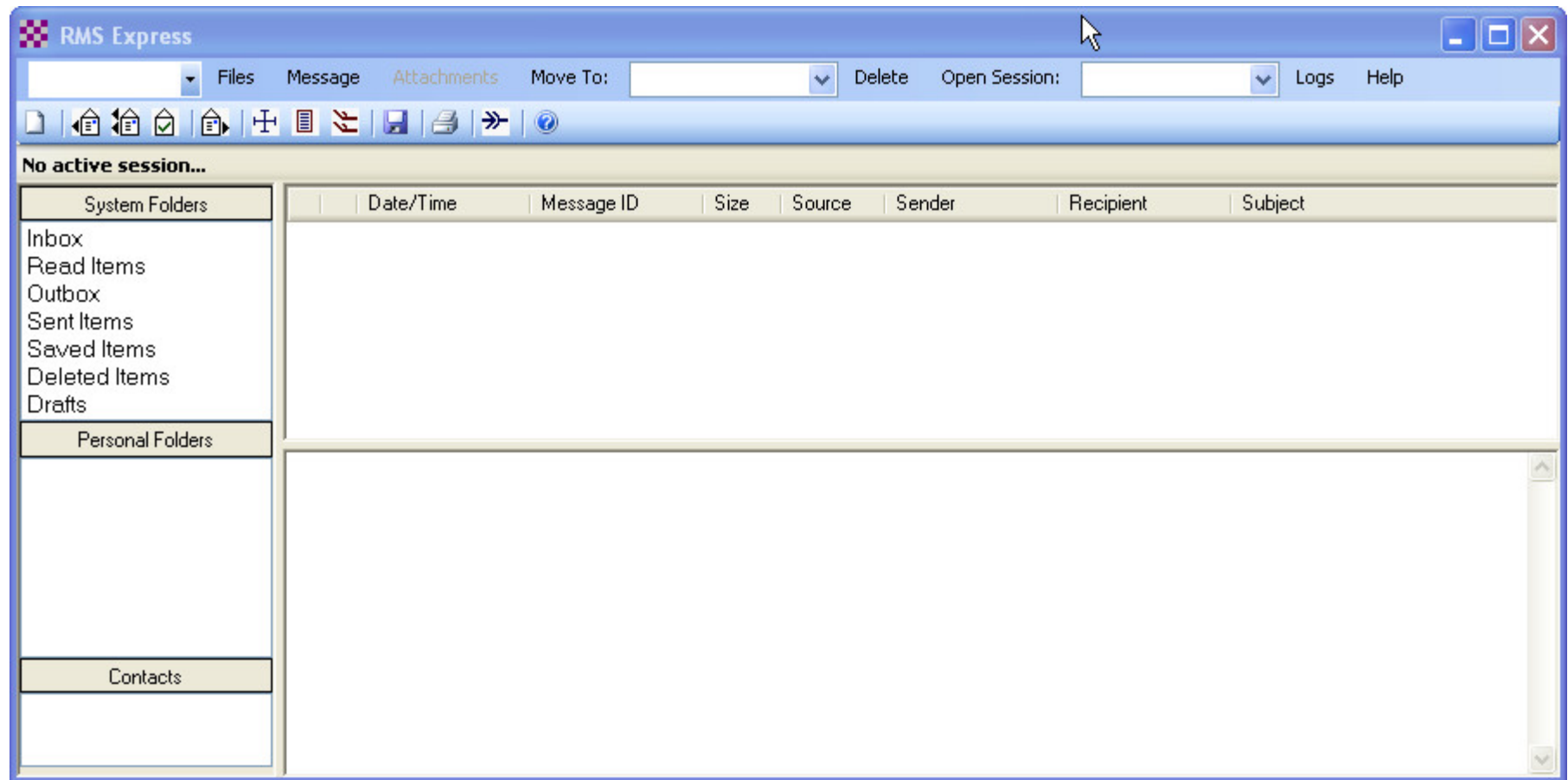
The screenshot shows a Terminal window titled "Terminal" with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Control, Mode, Help) and a toolbar. The main text area displays a log of Airmail communications. Green arrows point from callout boxes to specific lines in the log:

- Calls to shore station** points to "2005/05/10 04:33:26 Calling K7AAE on 7076.9 kHz".
- Connected!** points to "2005/05/10 04:33:28 Connected to K7AAE".
- Sign on from shore station** points to the "NOTE: REMEMBER TO LISTEN, BEFORE YOU TRANSMIT..." section.
- Messages to send/receive** points to the "Sending 'Re: grib:38N,34N,124W,120W', 216 bytes (12% compressed)" line.
- Disconnect** points to "2005/05/10 04:41:05 Disconnected from K7AAE".

The log text includes timestamps, station callsigns (K7AAE, KG6TOJ), frequencies (7076.9 kHz), and various status messages like "modem initialized OK", "Call canceled", and "modem released". At the bottom, there are fields for "Tx Data" (0/0 bytes), "Rx Data" (0/0 bytes), and "Dial freq= 7076.00 LSB".

Terminal Window

RMS Express



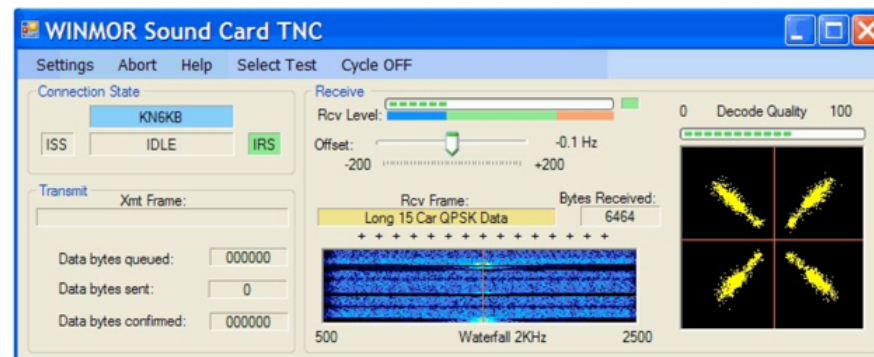
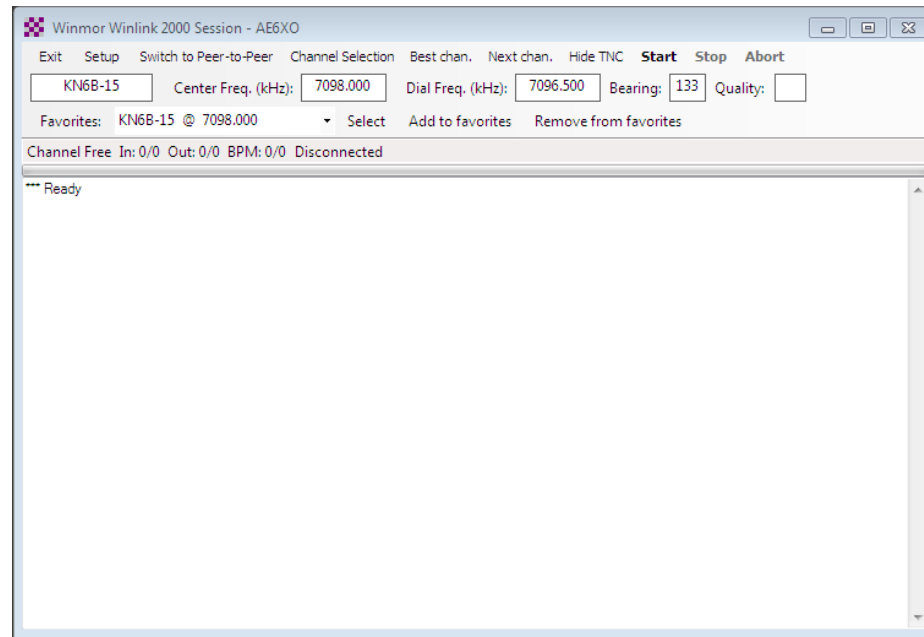
Email Window

WINMOR

HF Channel Selector									
Exit Select Update Table Update Table Via Radio SFI All RMS									
Callsign	Frequency (kHz)	Mode	Grid Square	Hours	Group	Distance (km)	Bearing (Degrees)	Path Reliability Estimate	Path Quality Estimate
WA7ODN	3589.500	1600	CN82LN	00-23	PUBLIC	419	006	88	52
N7IPY-10	7105.000	500	CM98HS	00-23	PUBLIC	187	091	76	51
AE6LA	7080.000	500	CM98TF	00-23	PUBLIC	282	102	79	51
XE2BNC	10144.000	1600	DM12MM	00-23	PUBLIC	916	138	74	48
W6SH-5	10113.000	500	DM12JQ	14-02	PUBLIC	887	138	73	48
W6SH-5	10149.000	1600	DM12JQ	00-23	PUBLIC	887	138	73	48
W7BO	7085.000	500	CN85PV	00-23	PUBLIC	791	005	77	48
XE2BNC	7070.000	1600	DM12MM	00-23	PUBLIC	916	138	76	47
KE7XO	7098.000	500	DM26KE	00-23	PUBLIC	796	109	75	47
W6SH-5	7093.000	500	DM12JQ	03-13	PUBLIC	887	138	77	47
KE7XO	7102.000	1600	DM26KE	00-23	PUBLIC	796	109	75	47
K6IRF-15	7096.000	1600	DM14DC	00-23	PUBLIC	738	133	76	47
W6SH-5	7104.500	1600	DM12JQ	03-13	PUBLIC	887	138	77	47
K7EK	10142.900	1600	CN87TB	00-23	PUBLIC	921	005	64	46
KD6OAT	10145.000	1600	DN40BO	00-23	PUBLIC	1015	075	68	46
KD6OAT	10132.500	500	DN40BO	00-23	PUBLIC	1015	075	68	46
K7EK	7102.400	1600	CN87TB	00-23	PUBLIC	921	005	73	46

Station Selector Window

WINMOR



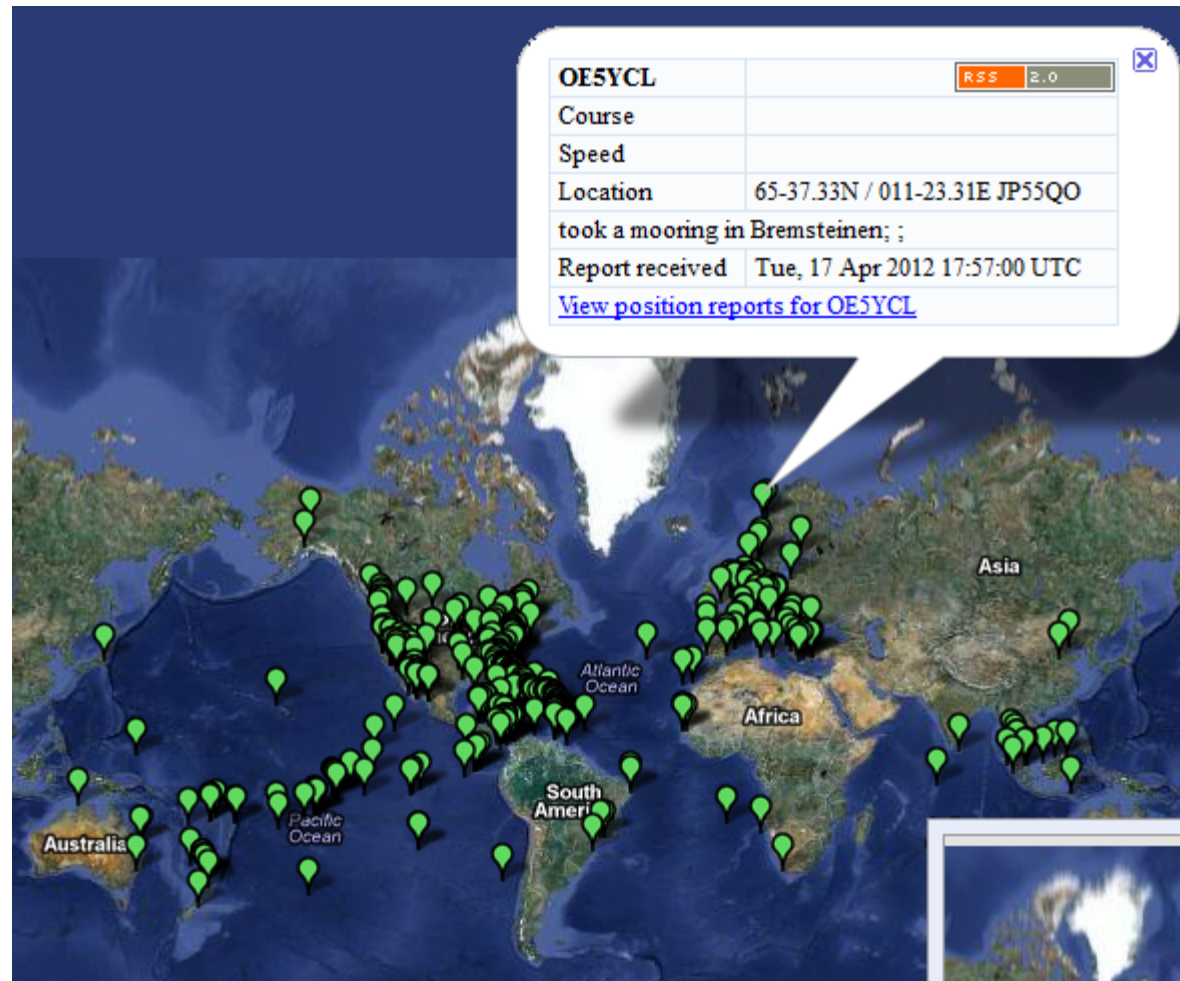
Terminal Windows

Marine HF Nets

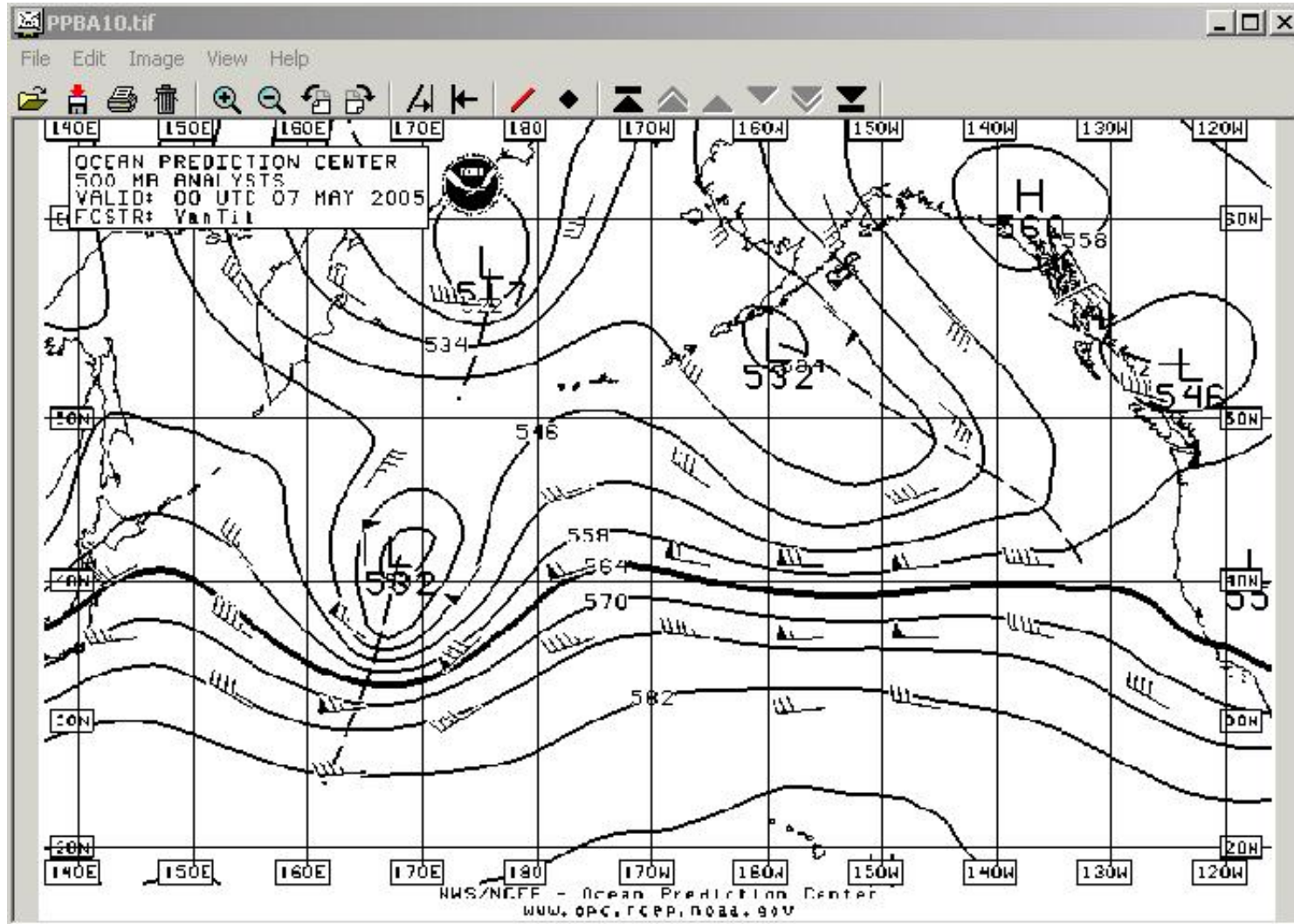
Time/UTC	Freq/kHz	Net Name & Comments	Ham/SSB
1330Z Daily	3.968	Sonrisa Net	Ham
1530Z Daily ST 1530Z Daily DT	7192 LSB	Chubasco Net Monitors for emergency traffic.	Ham
1600Z Mon-Fri	7233.5 LSB	Baja California Maritime Service Net Forecasts San Diego to Puerto Vallarta, including Sea of Cortez. Weekdays only. Provides backup for AA6TP.	Ham
0100Z Daily	6516 USB	Southbound Evening Net	SSB
0200Z Daily	6516	Bluewater Net	SSB
0230Z Daily	4051 - 4060	North Sea of Cortez Net	SSB
0430Z Daily	4030 - 4024	Papagayo Net	SSB
1400Z Daily	6212 / 6217	Amigo Net	SSB
1600Z Daily	8104	Westbound Net	SSB

Marine nets allow sailors to communicate with shore operators and each other and get weather forecasts and other assistance

Position Reports via HF

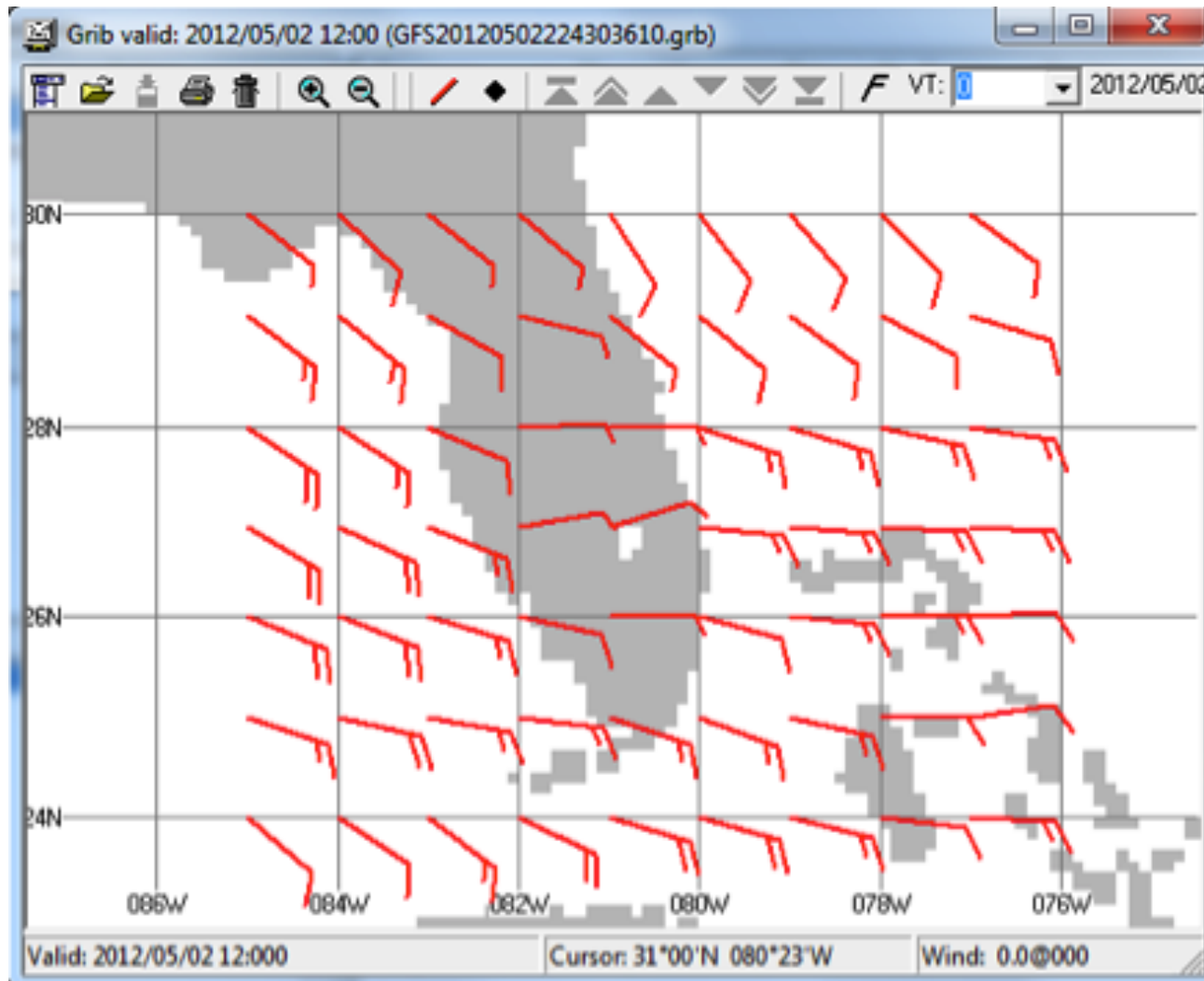


Weather Data



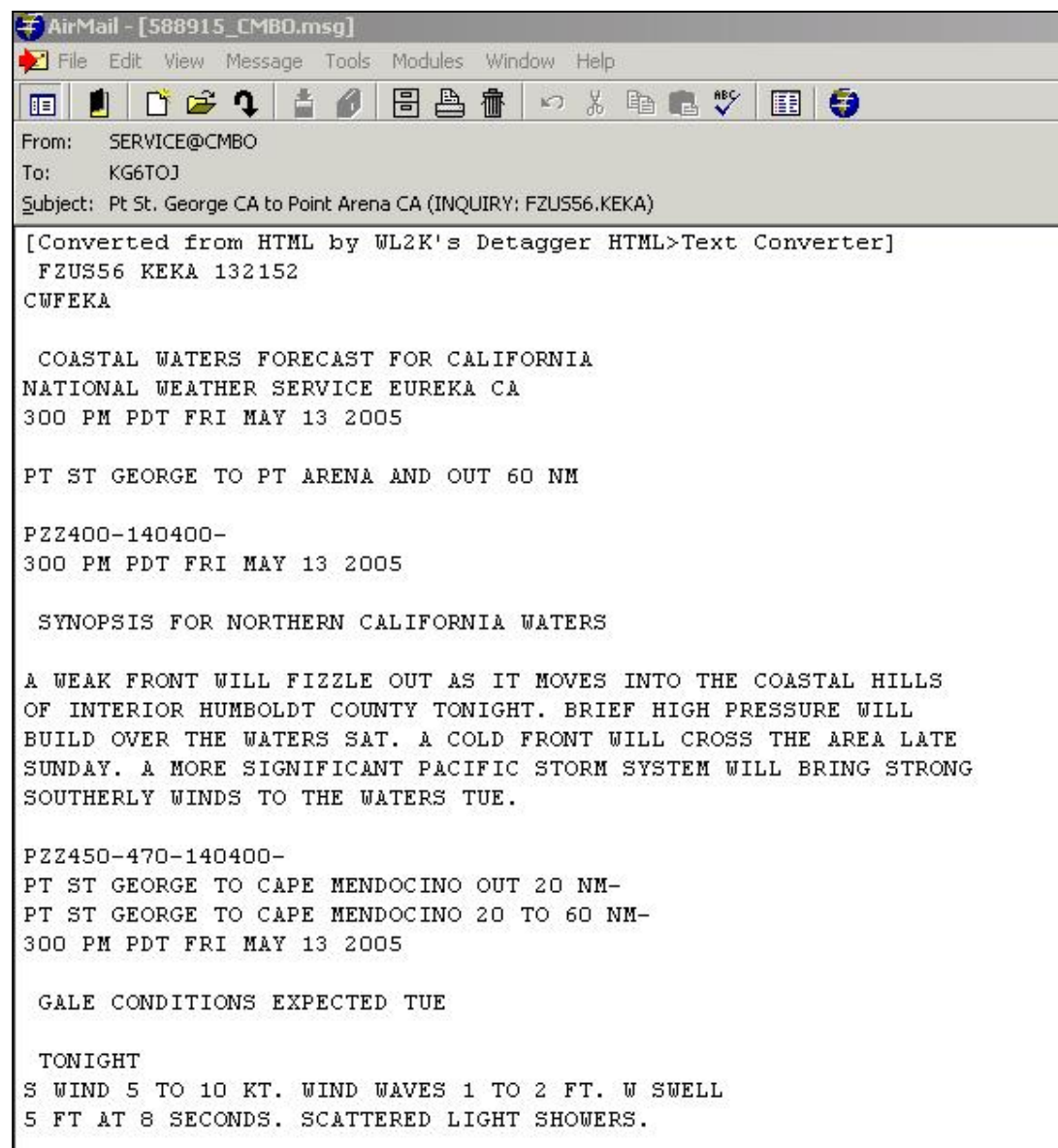
Weather map downloaded using Winlink

Weather Data



Winds downloaded from Winlink (GRIB file)

Local Weather Forecasts



Steps to Installing HF Radio

- Decide if you want to take the amateur test or get the marine license
 - The ham license opens up more options
 - You can have both
- Do research on the type of radio you want
 - Ham vs. marine radio
 - Check that radio has the necessary connections
- Do research on the best antenna and ground system for your boat
 - Internet resources
 - Local professional installers are available

Steps to Installing HF Radio

- Buy the gear and install it
 - Radio system, TNC, laptop, and software
- Get used to the radio system before you leave
 - Tune into nets even while at the dock
 - Check on weather forecasts, etc.
 - Try connecting with HF email providers
 - Less interference offshore

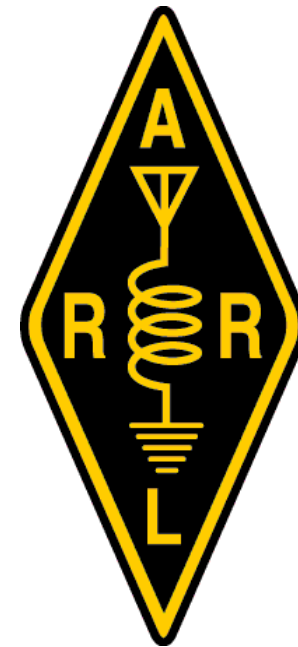


JACK BINNS

**Photographed in 1908 in his uniform
of an English Marconi ship operator**

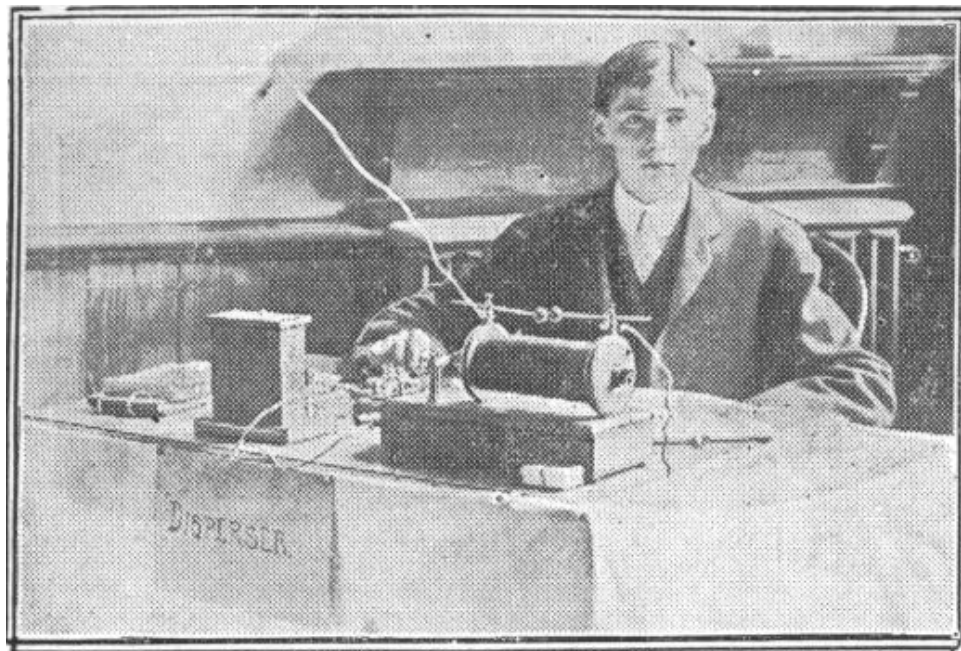
Resources

- Ames Amateur Radio Club (AARC)
 - <http://hamradio.arc.nasa.gov>
 - Monthly meetings
- American Radio Relay League (ARRL)
 - <http://www.arrl.org/>
- Federal Communications Commission
 - <http://wireless.fcc.gov/marine>
- Local amateur radio clubs and yacht clubs
- Local yacht electronics companies



Summary

- Marine HF is an important safety, information, and communications asset for cruising
- It connects you with a community of others with similar interests
- And it may introduce you to a great hobby (ham radio)!

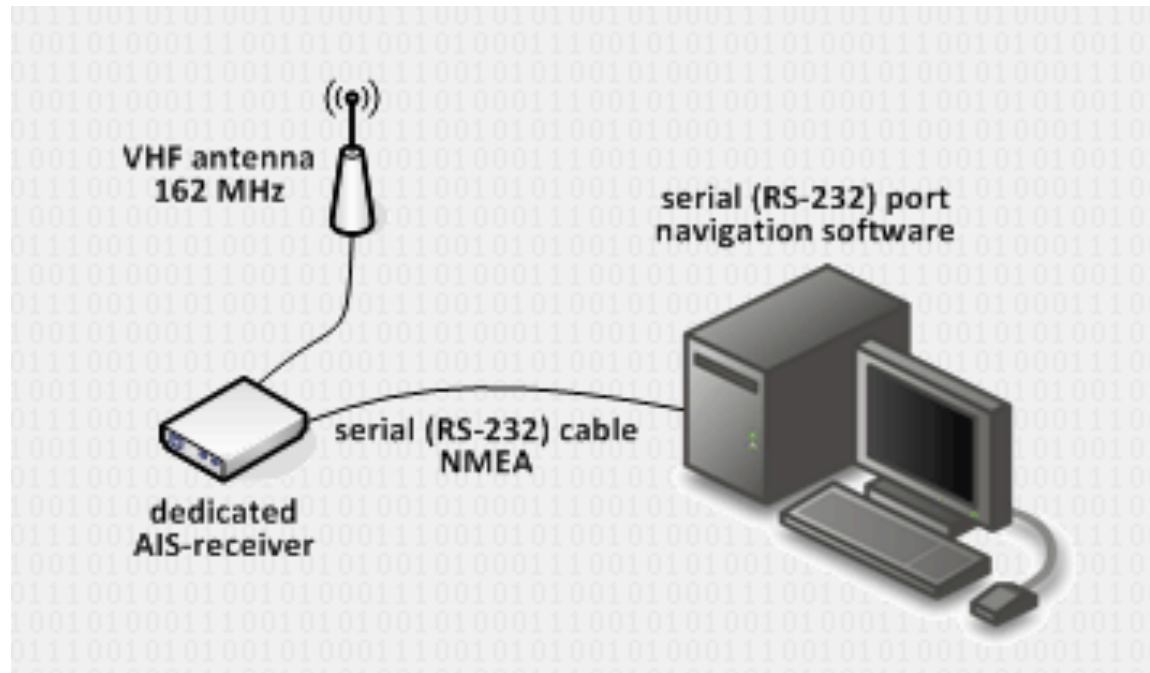


Bonus Slides!

Automatic Identification System (AIS)

- Transmit/receive location of ships and yachts
- AIS must be fitted aboard international voyaging ships of 300 tons or more, and all passenger ships regardless of size
- Optional for pleasure craft
- Uses VHF frequencies (~160 MHz)
- Two types of transceiver
 - Class A must have an integrated display, transmit at 12.5 Watts, and interface with multiple ship systems
 - Class B transmits at 2 Watts and are not required to have an integrated display
- Receiver only
 - Less expensive option for pleasure craft

AIS Configuration



Some AIS systems connect to satellites

AIS Equipment



Receiver Only



Transponder or
Transceiver



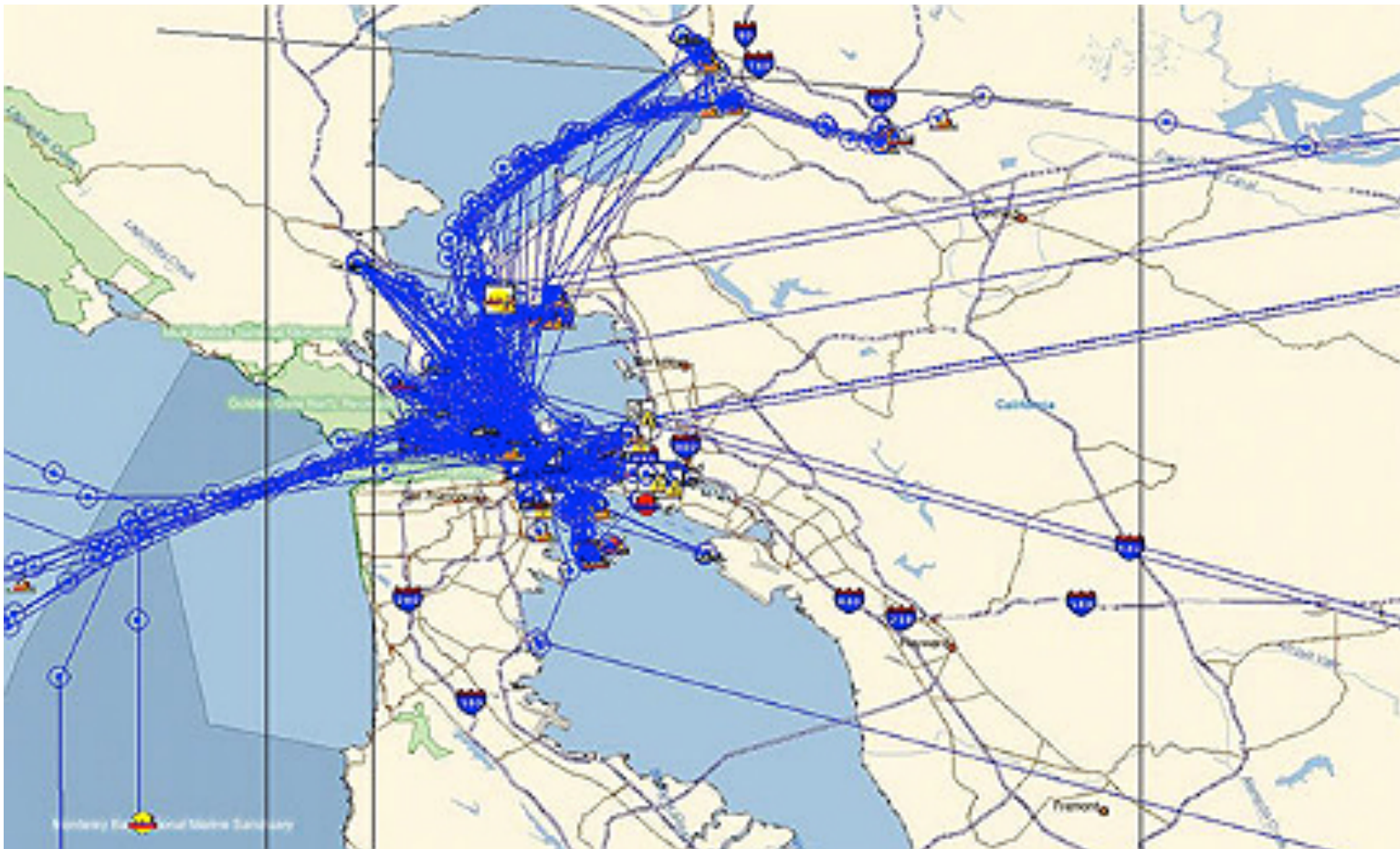
Integrated Display or
Laptop

Vessel Tracking



AIS used by USCG Vessel Tracking Service

National Automatic Identification System (NAIS)



NAIS is run by the USCG. Daily message reception rate is 64 million AIS messages from about 7,900 vessels.

SEATTLE HARBOR ELLIOT BA - 1:10.000 - Zoom: 1/6 N.M. - Route:

GOODTIME 3
 Passenger ship
 CPA: 7 Meters/ 1 min 37 sec

ANCHORAGE AREA
 110.230 (see note A)

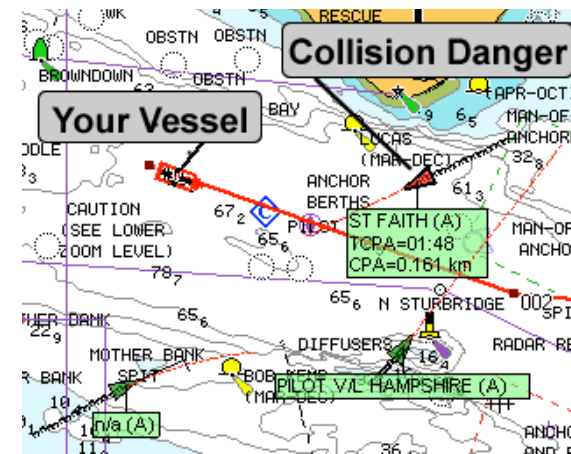
GOODTIME 3
 Passenger ship
 WSX5363
 367013050
 27 x 8 M
 Underway
 LOCKS/BAY CRUISE
 47°37.73' N - 122°24.39' W
 4 sec since last update
 8.4 kts 121° T
 849 m 285° T
 4 Meters 1 min 33 sec

SELECT ANOTHER VESSEL
 Click the list or on a vessel mark:

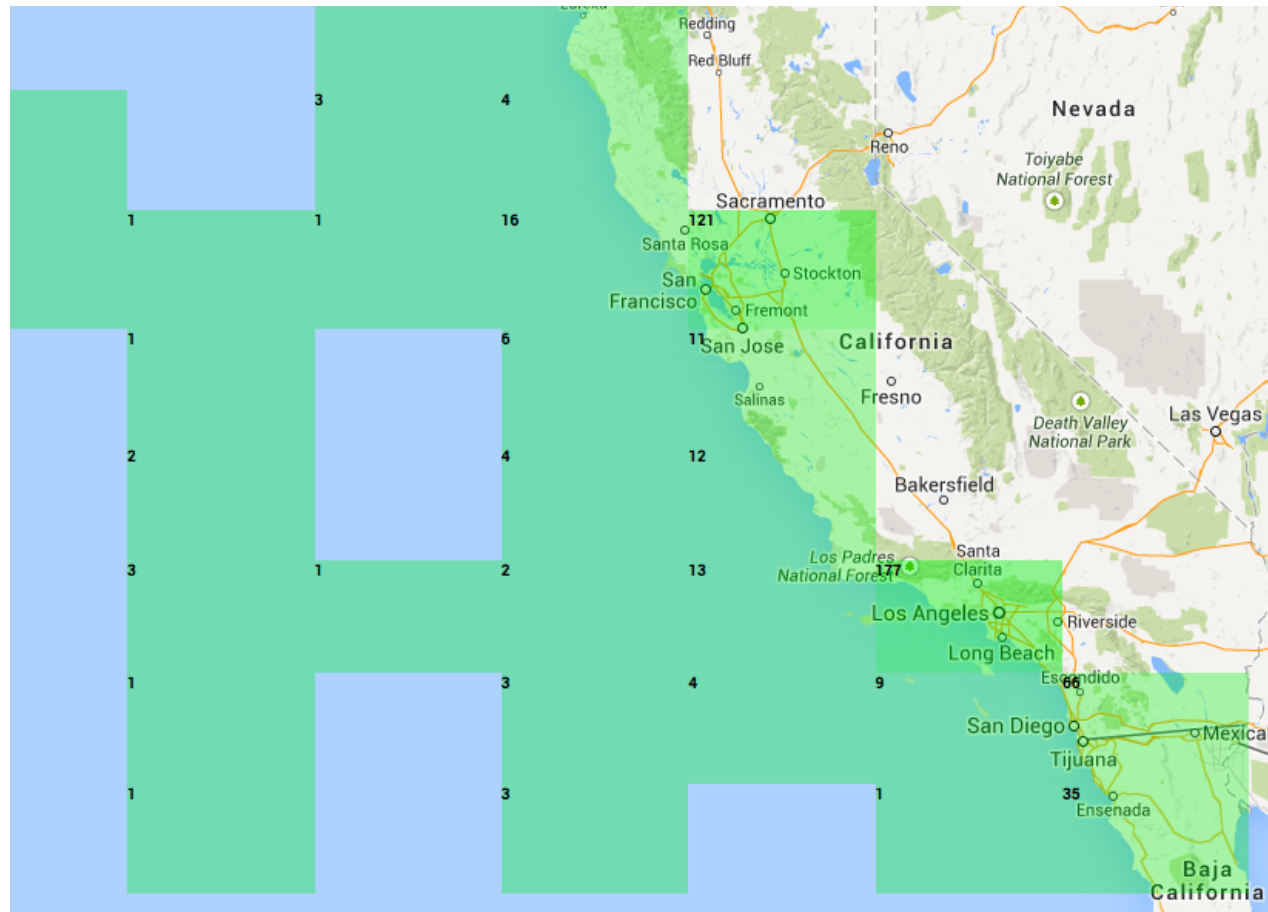
- ELIGIL B
- ELWMA
- EMERALD STAR
- EVERGREEN STATE
- EXCELSIOR
- GLEN COVE
- GOODTIME 3

UPDATE AIS LIST
FIND YOUR OWN BOAT

PILOT
 47°37.60' N
 122°23.74' W
 50.45 - 2:48:48 AM
 Speed over ground
 10.0 kt
 Course over ground
 273° T
 Bearing RP - 2
 273° T
 Distance RP - 2
 0.59 nm

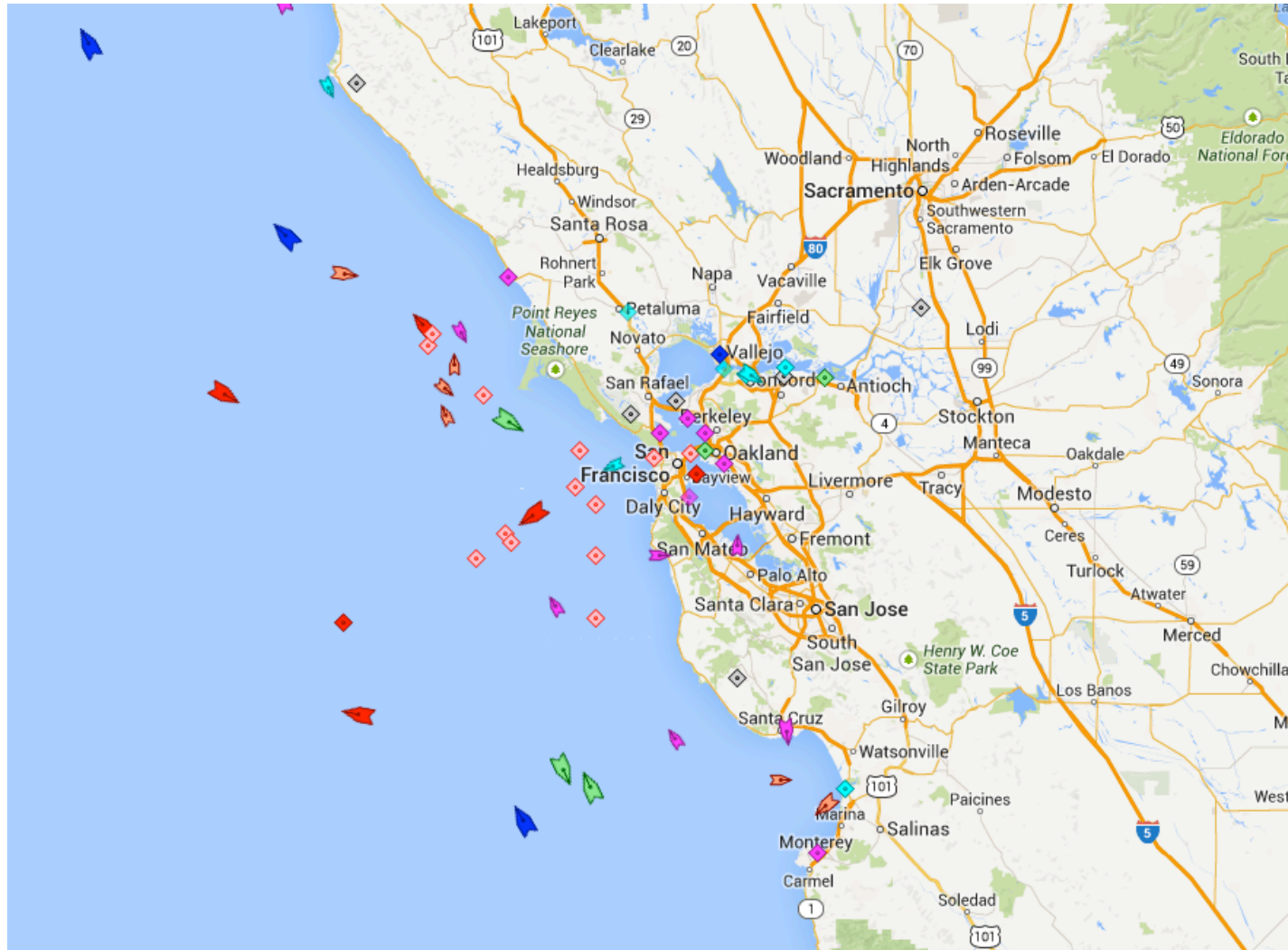


MarineTraffic.com

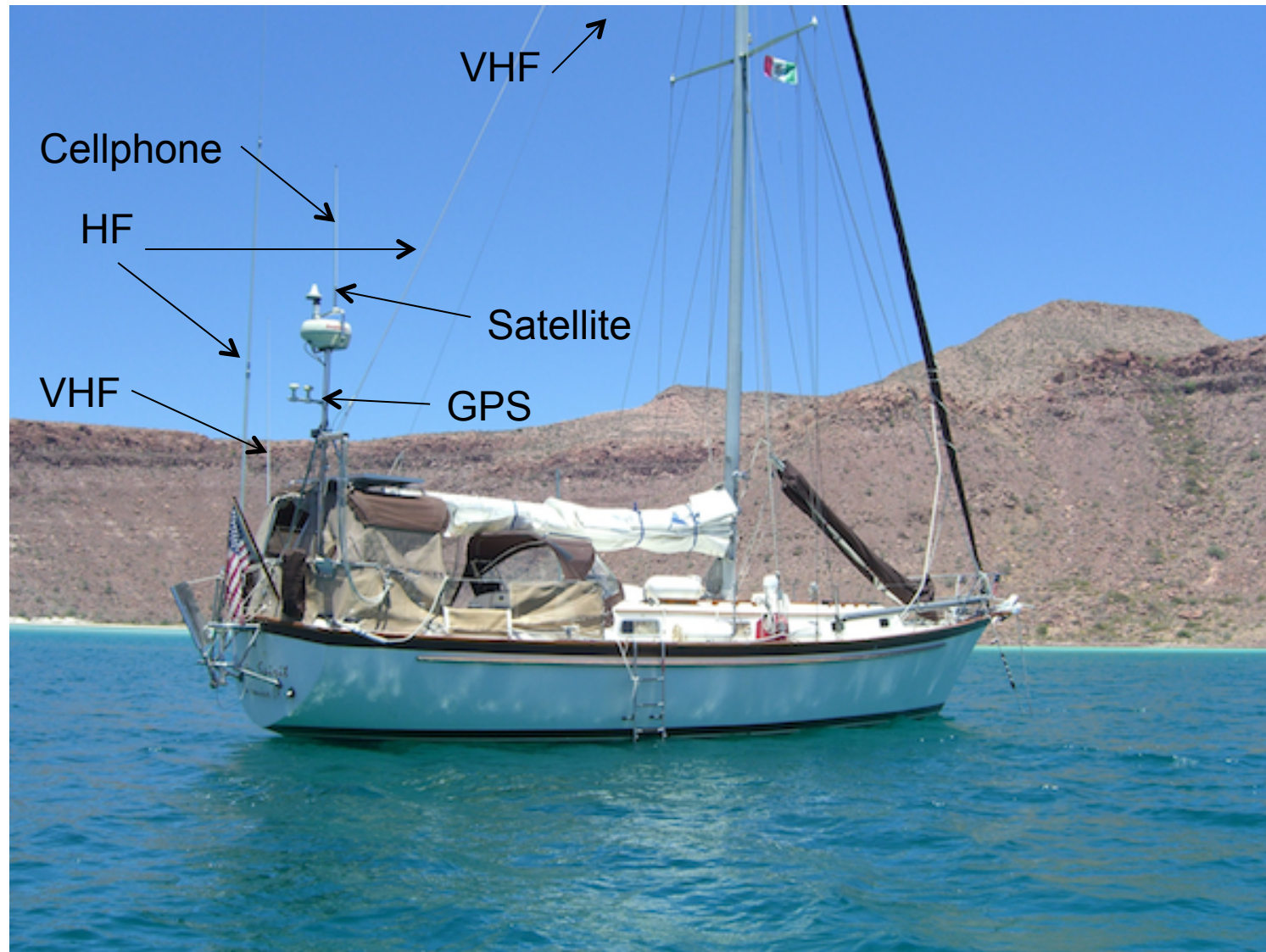


Send data over the Internet to track ships worldwide

MarineTraffic.com



My Boat



Questions?

